

SEX BY OCCUPATION AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2015 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings

2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

2015
[2014](#)
[2013](#)
[2012](#)
[2011](#)
[2010](#)
[2009](#)
[2008](#)
[2007](#)
[2006](#)
[2005](#)

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
1 73 of 73	Total:	40,137 +/-835
	Male:	48,144 +/-3,003
	Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	69,401 +/-4,803
	Management, business, and financial occupations:	72,878 +/-3,043
	Management occupations	75,500 +/-5,070
	Business and financial operations occupations	67,150 +/-5,622
	Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	71,289 +/-3,206
	Computer and mathematical occupations	62,163 +/-11,730
	Architecture and engineering occupations	77,007 +/-5,097
	Life, physical, and social science occupations	56,438 +/-7,590
	Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	50,925 +/-2,278
	Community and social service occupations	47,451 +/-9,472
	Legal occupations	75,625 +/-19,338
	Education, training, and library occupations	52,015 +/-5,765
	Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	35,969 +/-14,923
	Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	81,599 +/-10,865
	Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	89,389 +/-21,474
	Health technologists and technicians	51,847 +/-14,842
	Service occupations:	26,405 +/-2,818
	Healthcare support occupations	22,008 +/-16,583
	Protective service occupations:	52,285 +/-11,402
	Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	42,038 +/-12,962
	Law enforcement workers including supervisors	75,305 +/-14,868
	Food preparation and serving related occupations	17,850 +/-2,735
	Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	25,836 +/-4,976
	Personal care and service occupations	24,831 +/-13,332
	Sales and office occupations:	35,344 +/-4,770
	Sales and related occupations	36,807 +/-10,329
	Office and administrative support occupations	33,995 +/-6,477
	Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	51,563 +/-1,210
	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	31,623 +/-4,172
	Construction and extraction occupations	52,337 +/-5,193
	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	51,506 +/-5,057
	Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	39,516 +/-4,648
	Production occupations	39,704 +/-9,119
	Transportation occupations	41,963 +/-5,370
	Material moving occupations	26,736 +/-7,421
	Female:	32,088 +/-1,264
	Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	51,354 +/-1,350
	Management, business, and financial occupations:	52,026 +/-2,091
	Management occupations	51,424 +/-1,564
	Business and financial operations occupations	54,890 +/-6,662
	Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	56,411 +/-10,688
	Computer and mathematical occupations	72,317 +/-6,991
	Architecture and engineering occupations	50,384 +/-15,657
	Life, physical, and social science occupations	52,181 +/-10,493
	Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	42,739 +/-9,970
	Community and social service occupations	50,348 +/-6,514
	Legal occupations	62,345 +/-18,773
	Education, training, and library occupations	41,698 +/-9,795
	Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	26,226 +/-15,403
	Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	56,120 +/-5,249
	Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	70,584 +/-8,048
	Health technologists and technicians	37,434 +/-3,077
	Service occupations:	21,053 +/-1,790
	Healthcare support occupations	31,489 +/-4,164
	Protective service occupations:	43,029 +/-17,160

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	36,067	+/-11,652
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	50,452	+/-10,151
Food preparation and serving related occupations	17,648	+/-3,333
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	13,417	+/-5,932
Personal care and service occupations	22,172	+/-3,134
Sales and office occupations:	30,015	+/-2,416
Sales and related occupations	19,121	+/-5,990
Office and administrative support occupations	32,894	+/-2,791
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	39,705	+/-32,211
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	17,276	+/-38,734
Construction and extraction occupations	55,073	+/-37,667
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	83,345	+/-44,512
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	21,736	+/-4,612
Production occupations	22,355	+/-6,884
Transportation occupations	30,910	+/-10,275
Material moving occupations	7,530	+/-13,585

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.